Fifth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, June/July 2015 Signals and Systems

Time: 3 hrs. Max. Marks:100

> Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, selecting atleast TWO questions from each part.

PART - A

- 1 Distinguish between the following:
 - Even and odd signals
 - ii) Periodic and non-periodic signals
 - Energy and power signals.

(06 Marks)

Determine whether the signal is periodic or non-periodic. If periodic find the fundamental period:

i)
$$x(n) = \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{8}\right) \cdot \cos\left(\frac{3n\pi}{7}\right)$$

- $x(t) = e^{t\frac{2\pi}{3}t}$ ii)
- $x(t) = \sin^2 t$ iii)

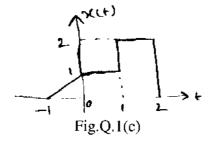
(08 Marks)

c. For given x(t) in Fig.Q.1(c). Sketch the following signals:

i)
$$x(4-t)$$

i)
$$x(4-t)$$
 ii) $x(\frac{2}{3}t-1)$ iii) $x(-t+1)$.

(06 Marks)



Find the convolution sum of

$$x(n) = \{2\delta(n+1), -\delta(n), \delta(n-2)\}$$

$$h(n) = \{u(n) - u(n-3)\}.$$

(06 Marks)

b. Evaluate the step response for the LTI system having following responses:

i)
$$h(t) = e^{-2|t|}$$

ii)
$$h(n) = (-a)^n u(n)$$
.

(08 Marks)

c. Draw the direct form I and direct form II implementation of the following system:

$$2\dot{y}(t) - 3\ddot{y}(t) = 4x(t) - 3\dot{x}(t) + \ddot{x}(t)$$
.

(06 Marks)

3 a. Evaluate
$$y(t) = e^{-3t} u(t) * u(t-2)$$
.

(06 Marks)

b. Solve the differential equation y''(t) + 3y'(t) + 2y(t) = 2x(t)with initial conditions y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 1, for the i/p $x(t) = \cos t$ for $t \ge 0$. (08 Marks)

Check whether the following impulse response are memory less, causal and stable:

i)
$$h(t) = e^{-2t} u(t-2)$$
 ii) $h(n) = e^{3n} u(-n)$.

(06 Marks)

4 a. State and prove the convolution property of Fourier series.

(06 Marks)

b. Evaluate the DTFS representation for the signal

$$x(n) = \sin\left(\frac{2\pi}{21}n\right) + \cos\left(\frac{10\pi}{21}n\right) + 1$$
 sketch the magnitude and phase spectra. (08 Marks)

c. Determine the Fourier series for the signal $x(t) = \cos 4t + \sin 8t$.

(06 Marks)

PART - B

- 5 a. State and explain Parseval's theorem of discrete time Fourier transform. (06 Marks)
 - b. Find the Fourier transform of the signal
 - i) x(t) = te-2t u(t)

ii)
$$x(t) = \begin{cases} 1; & -T < t < T \\ 0; & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$
 (08 Marks)

- ^{c.} Find the Fourier series coefficients for the periodic signal x(t) with period is given by $x(t) = e^{-t}$; -1 < t < 1. (06 Marks)
- 6 a. Compute DTFT of the signal $x(n) = 2^n u(-n)$. (06 Marks)
 - b. I. A discrete-time LTI system described by $y(n) \frac{1}{2}y(n-1) = x(n) + \frac{1}{2}x(n-1)$.
 - i) Determine the frequency response $H(\Omega)$
 - ii) Find the impulse response h(n) of the system.
 - II. Find inverse IDFT of $x(\Omega) = 1 + 2 \cos \Omega + 3 \cos 2\Omega$. (08 Marks)
 - c. Find the differential equation that represents the frequency response:

$$H(JW) = \frac{2 + 3(JW) - 3(JW)^2}{1 + 2(JW)}.$$
 (06 Marks)

7 a. Determine the Z-transform, ROC and pole zero locating of X(2) for

$$\mathbf{x}(\mathbf{n}) = \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^2 \mathbf{u}(\mathbf{n}) + \left(\frac{-1}{2}\right)^n \mathbf{u}(\mathbf{n}). \tag{06 Marks}$$

b. Determine Z-transformation of the following signal

$$x(n) = \frac{1}{2}(n^2 + n)\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{n-1}u(n).$$
 (08 Marks)

c. State and prove the differentiation in 2-domain.

(06 Marks)

8 a. Find the inverse of 2-transform of

$$x(z) = \frac{\frac{1}{4}z^{-1}}{\left(1 - \frac{1}{2}z^{-1}\right)\left(1 - \frac{1}{4}z^{-1}\right)} \qquad |z| > \frac{1}{2}.$$
 (06 Marks)

b. Solve the following difference equation using unilateral z-transform; $y(n) = \frac{3}{2}y(n-1) + \frac{1}{2}y(n-2) = x(n) \text{ for } n \ge 0 \text{ with initial conditions } y(-1) = 4, \ y(-2) = 10$

and input
$$x(n) = \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^n u(n)$$
. (08 Marks)

c. If $H(z) = \frac{z+1}{z^2 - 2z + 3}$ represents a causal system. Find the differential equation and frequency response of the system. (06 Marks)